



GRADUATE SCHOOL, INHA UNIVERSITY, INCHEON, KOREA

INHA GLOBAL MESSENGER

A Newsletter of International Graduate Students



ISSUE 5

FEBRUARY, 2015

The cover features a blurred background of a large, leafless tree in the foreground and a building with a white facade and a dark roof in the background. The scene is set in a park-like area with a lawn and some low-lying plants. The text is centered and rendered in a bold, black, serif font. The entire cover is framed by a thin red border with decorative, rounded corners.

INHA GLOBAL MESSENGER

FIFTH ISSUE

FEBRUARY 2015

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Main Building

생물과학대학
College of Human Ecology

대학원
The Graduate School

강당
Auditorium

Community Story



India: Identity. Unity. Diversity.



India is a country of festivals. In India every region and every religion has something to celebrate. The festivals reflect the vigour and life-style of its people. Vibrant colours, music and festivity make the country come alive throughout the year.

For instance, Navaratri is celebrated with maximum fervour in West Bengal as compared to that

in other parts of the country. Holi is celebrated with gusto in the north, and although it is also observed in the western and eastern parts of India, in the south it is almost unknown. There are also a

few regional festivals like Pongal in Tamil Nadu; Onam in Kerala and the various other temple

festivals devoted to the specific patron Gods and Goddesses of the temples, which are celebrated exclusively in those areas, which may be limited to one or a few villages. This galaxy of festivals that exist do contribute in inter-spicing Indian life with



gaiety and color as also in giving the country the distinction of having the maximum number of holidays.

There are almost 20 Indian people living in Inha University including students, post-doctoral fellow or faculty of the university. Definitely we cannot celebrate all Indian festivals here. But most of the time we try to celebrate Eid and Diwali and Holi. Diwali is the festival of light in India and celebrated specially by the people of Hindu religion in autumn every year. There are several myths behind this.

Symbolically it is celebrated to signify the victory of light over darkness, knowledge over ignorance, good over evil, and hope over despair. On the other hand Holi is a festival of colors, joy and celebrating New Year in some part of India.



Reported by Birendra Kumar Singh

Discover Country

Indonesia: The world hidden jewel

In-
donesia is locat- ed
in between Asia and Australia conti-
nents. It has been known that Indone-
sia is the country with the most islands
in the world. More than 17.000 islands
has been counted with more than 250
million people (ranked 4 in the world
below China, India and United States)
living there. As Indonesia is an archi-
pelago country, there are lots of beauti-
ful islands and beaches. The most famous one is Bali Island. However, several people are con-



fused where the exact location of Bali Island is.



Sometimes, Bali Island is known by people better than Indonesia itself. Bali defines the word *paradise*. The combination of friendly, hospitable people, a magnificently visual culture infused with spirituality, and spectacular beaches with great surfing and diving have made Bali Indonesia's unparalleled, number-one tourist attraction.

Unlike any other island in largely Muslim Indonesia, **Bali is a pocket of Hindu religion and culture**. There are an estimated **20,000 temples** on the island, each of which holds festivals at least twice a year, which means that there are festivities going on almost anywhere you go.

Bali Island is a developed tourist island which has lots of tourism activities and known by world people.



Discover Country

Indonesia: The world hidden jewel

However, in Indonesia, there are still lots of other tourism regions that are similar or might be better than tourism in Bali Island. Some of them have not been known by people.

One is Komodo National Park in Komodo Island. Komodo Island is located in East Nusa Tenggara Province, Indonesia. The main attraction in the island is the world's largest lizard, called Komodo Dragon.

The Komodo is sometimes noticed as the remaining dinosaur in the world as it is large and hot tempered. It will actively attack people when the people have blood smell. It is strongly recommended if travelers go there with local people there. The national park, itself, has already obtained several world recognition, such as UNESCO World Heritage Site and New7Wonders of Nature. It has not only the Komodo Dragon as the attraction, but also lots of beautiful beaches around the islands. Sometimes, people can see the Komodo walks through the beach.



Another one is Raja Ampat in Papua Province. Raja Ampat is an archipelago comprising over 1,500 small islands, cays, and shoals surrounding the four main islands of Misol, Salawati, Batanta, and Waigeo, and the smaller island of Kofiau. According to Conservation International, marine surveys suggest that the marine life diversity in the Raja Ampat area is the highest recorded on Earth. Lately, lots of Indonesians start to go and stay several nights there.

As there are not so many people who go there, lots of things have not been touched by irresponsible people and remain beautiful.

Discover Country

Indonesia: The world hidden jewel

The attractive thing in Indonesia is not about the scenery in the beach but also in mountain area. One of the known mountain is Mount Bromo. It is an active volcano mountain in East Java. There is also sand desert around the mountain. Some people may ride horse to walk around the large desert. When people go to Mount Bromo, it is highly recommended to enjoy the sun rise as the scenery is very attractive. Therefore, people usually at least stay one night in Mount Bromo.



Indonesian food also attracts many people. As Indonesia is in a tropical climate, it has various food materials which are grown well. Fruits, such as Durian or Rambutan, have become the representative fruits of a tropical climate country like Indonesia. As the smell is very strong, some people might dislike Durian. Indonesia has one type of food that has been recognized by some people. It is selected as the world's best food

from a survey by CNN International. The food is Rendang which is originated from Padang, West Sumatra, Indonesia. It is usually served when there is a special occasion in the traditional culture. However, recently, it has been everywhere all around Indonesia and overseas as lots of Indonesian restaurants have it as one of their menu.

There are still lots of hidden jewel in Indonesia that have not been explored or known by many people. Even curious Indonesian people are travelling to find and experience the hidden beautiful scenery or delicious food. It will be good if the readers also have some curious mind about Indonesia.



Reported by Williem

Discover Country

Lebanon

Lebanese food: There is an age-old tradition of warm hospitality that exists in Lebanese culture. Lebanese hosts will never believe you don't have just a bit more room for something utterly delicious that's been prepared with love.

In a Lebanese household, food is life and sharing it is one of the great joys of being alive.



Even for simple dinners at home, there are a variety of dishes on the table, the meal starting with small portions known as mezza, which centre around dips and salads.

They may be as simple as simple as picked vegetables or raw vegetables, hummus and bread or an entire meal consisting also of meat kebabs, grilled, marinated seafood, salads and deserts.

As well as having great variety, Lebanese food is one of the freshest and most delicious on the planet. Lamb is the meat of choice and appears in many dishes, including kafta, in which minced lamb is rolled into sausage shapes and cooked on the barbecue or in the oven.



Discover Country Lebanon



Poultry is more popular than red meat, but lamb and goat are popular. Generous amounts of olive oil, garlic, lemons are also essential flavours in the Lebanese diet. Lebanese desserts are pure artwork, as a visit to one of the palaces of Lebanese sweets will attest – there are many variations of filo pastry, combined with nuts and syrup; there are creamy sweets filled with a clotted

cream called ashta plus melting shortbread sometimes filled with a date paste or nuts and much more. Sweets are generally served separately to a meal with black coffee or tea.

Chicken, lemon and garlic is a classic Lebanese flavour combination. Also packed with fragrant coriander, these chicken wings with their caramelised, sticky skin are impossible to resist.



Kibbeh nayeh is a rustic, authentic Lebanese dish of raw minced lamb, burghul (cracked wheat) and spices. This secret to this much loved Lebanese dish is using only the freshest meat that is finely minced on the day, and it should be eaten the day it is made.

These lightly yeasted and filled **pancakes** are best assembled as each one is cooked. If left for too long, the pan-

cakes can become dry and difficult to fold. Traditionally filled with either the cream or walnut filling, you could use both, if you like, as in this recipe. Taking its name from the Arabic word for ‘engraved’ because of the indentations on the dough, this pizza is a breakfast favourite.

Barbeque in Lebanon has a different

taste .



Reported by Saad EIDine EI Ferekh

Discover country

Socialist Republic of Vietnam

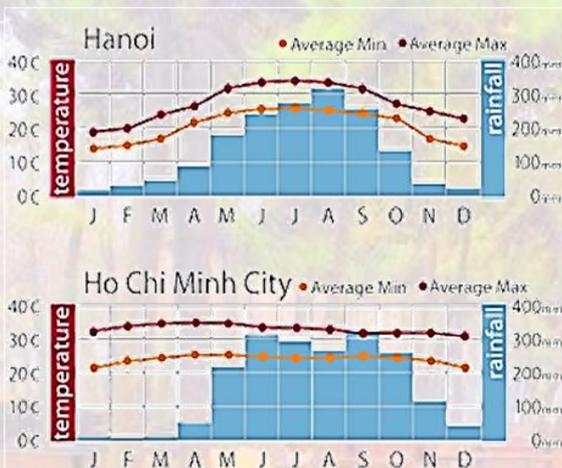
Capital city: Hanoi

Biggest city: Hochiminh

Population: 88.78 million (2012)

Continent: Asia **Language**

Best time to visit Vietnam



Vietnam historical timeline

3000-1000 B.C. Roaming tribes from southern China move into an area called the Red River Delta, where many Indonesian people are already living. Together, they form the earliest ancestors of today's Vietnamese people.

939 After more than 1,000 years in power, China withdraws from what is now northern Vietnam, then known as Annam. It becomes an independent kingdom.

1649 French missionary Alexandre de Rhodes creates the first dictionary for "Quốc ngữ", a script of Vietnamese still used today. The script helped increase literacy rates and spread Christianity.

1847 Angered by Vietnam's positions against business deals and Catholic missionaries, the French launch their first major attack. They fire upon the Vietnamese at the port of Danang, a city in central Vietnam.

1940 Japan takes over Vietnam during World War II after its ally Germany defeats the French. Japan and Germany are later defeated.

1946 France tries to regain control of Vietnam. Ho Chi Minh, a Vietnamese Communist, leads an independence movement, called the Vietminh, against the French; many freedoms are restricted.

1954 The Vietminh defeats the French. Vietnam is divided into two zones: the Communist-ruled north and a republic in the south. Ho Chi Minh is President of North Vietnam until 1969.

1959 Communists supported by North Vietnam cause conflict in South Vietnam. This conflict between the two halves of Vietnam marks the beginning of the Vietnam War.

1975 South Vietnam surrenders to Communist North Vietnam. North and South Vietnam are united in 1976 under Communist leadership.

Culture and Customs

Vietnam's ancient culture can be traced back centuries and over the years has been influenced in different ways by the Chinese, Khmer, French and American cultures. For most Vietnamese people, connection to family and community is predominant whether they are from rural villages or living in the fast-paced cities. Most festivals and holidays are spent with the extended family participating in rituals, feasting on special foods, giving symbolic gifts and paying respects to ancestors and elders. Most Vietnamese people practice a form of religion that is an interesting mix of Buddhism, Confucianism and Taoism, although there are also a large number of practicing Catholics living in Vietnam. Having endured the hardship that the Vietnam War brought in the 1960s and 1970s, most Vietnamese people are keen to get on with life, living with a sense of optimism and humility.

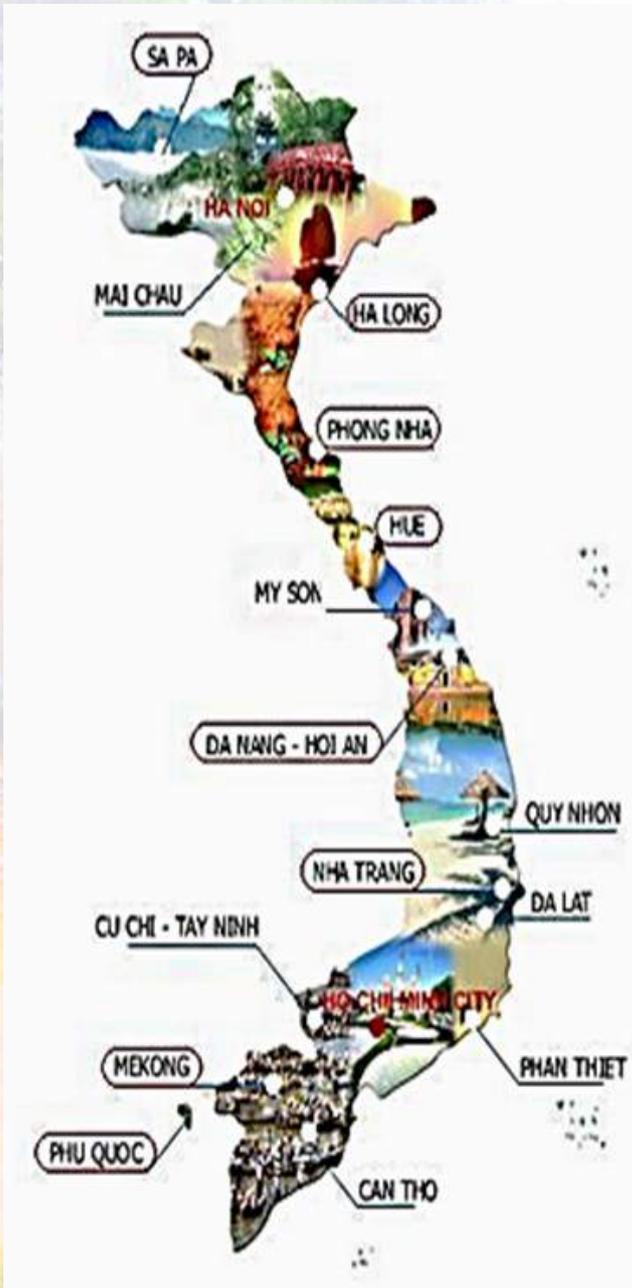
Geography and environment

Occupying a long, thin part of the Indochinese peninsula, Vietnam shares borders with China, Laos and Cambodia. Much of Vietnam's terrain is mountainous, particularly the north and central highland regions. Although people still choose to live in the densely forested highland regions, most of Vietnam's population is concentrated in the cities of the low lying areas, where infrastructure is more easily built and the land is fertile. One of the 12 great rivers of the world, the Mekong, runs through Vietnam and has been responsible for wide-scale flooding. A system of canals and levees has been quite successful in redistributing the water during monsoons, and has helped to alleviate flooding in the Mekong Delta and surrounding areas.

Discover Country

Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Top 10 Iconic Landscapes of Vietnam



1. Halong Bay

There's nothing quite like Halong Bay first thing in the morning. As the mists clear, hundreds of huge karst towers appear, looming high above the boat. In the soft morning light it's like waking up in a watercolour painting of a mythical land.

2. Hanoi

Motorbikes piled high with people, produce and even animals zip through the streets. It's crazy, haphazard and somehow it works. The best way to take it all in is from a rooftop cafe. Order an extra strong coffee and watch the chaos unfold below.

3. Mekong Delta

This massive area of floating markets, emerald rice paddies and lush islands is home to some of the friendliest people on earth. Take a boat trip to one of the sleepy islands to get a front row view of life on the Delta, and meet the people who call it home.

4. Sapa

Head to the hills and see the colourful villages of Vietnam's minority groups - the Zay, and the Blue and Black H'mong. The area is remote so the best way to experience it is on an overnight trek, spending the night as a guest of a local family.

5. Qui Nhon

Qui Nhon is a sleepy beach town off the main tourist trail. It's worth coming here just for the drive. The road hugs granite cliffs that plunge into the South China Sea, and islands, lagoons and sand dunes slowly give way to sugar plantations and rice fields.

6. Hue

Jam-packed with imperial sites, Hue is one for the history buffs. Explore the Citadel with its ruined Forbidden Purple City before embracing your inner emperor and taking a dragonboat cruise down the Perfume River.

7. Hoi An

This shoppers' paradise is home to more boot makers, tailors and hand-icraft than you could visit in a lifetime. While you wait for your suit to be made, hire a bicycle and explore the Old Town - the streets are bliss-fully car free.

8. Ho Chi Minh City

Still known as Saigon to most, HCMC is a city on the go. It's fast-paced, exciting and full of amazing sites. Temples and markets col-ide with churches and skyscrapers for a heady mix of traditional, colonial and modern.

9. Mai Chau

Mai Chau feels a million miles away from the bustle of Hanoi. Misty mountains and emerald rice paddies contribute to the air of peacefulness. Be sure to look out for the traditional fabrics woven by the White Thais that call this area home.

10. Dalat

It's spring all year round in Vietnam's 'honeymoon capital'. Soak up the French-inspired atmosphere, spot the quirky local artists and explore the surrounding lakes, waterfalls and forest

Discover Country

Socialist Republic of Vietnam

1. Pho

Gaining international popularity, a steaming bowl of flavoursome pho is one of Vietnam's most celebrated dishes. This noodle soup usually features clear noodles in a broth with beef or chicken and some vegetables and herbs.

2. Banh Xeo

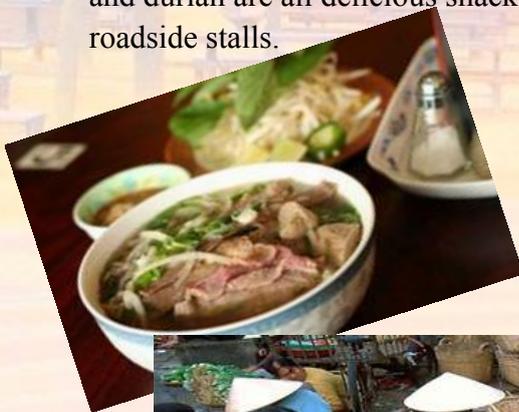
This delicious crepe-like savoury pancake is often served with seafood or pork, onions, oil, lettuce and other condiments.

3. Banh Mi and Vietnam coffee

The French influence in the region is obvious when considering the popularity of the fresh baguette in Vietnam. Take crusty bread and stuff it with pork or ham, coriander, salad and pickled condiments and you've got a favourite lunch or breakfast treat for locals and travellers alike.

4. Fresh Fruit

When in Vietnam, take the opportunity to try exotic fruits not widely available elsewhere in the world. Rambutan, persimmon, mangosteen, dragon fruit, jackfruit and durian are all delicious snacks that can be bought cheaply from markets and roadside stalls.



Reported by Trinh Luong Hoang

Alumni Talk

Dr. Faiz Ali

Post-doctoral fellow, Advanced Separation Science, PhD in Analytical chemistry (advanced separation science)



Dr. Faiz Ali has accomplished the expeditious journey of his research and doctoral program to the current Post-doctoral position, with wonderful achievements in many categories of doctoral study. He wishes Inha University all the best and thanks for showering its educational

beacon light for all the students studying here leading to a well constructive society. Out of many effective programs, organizations and knowledge oriented Junseok Library, he is personally appreciative of the research-oriented faculty members of the Inha University specially his academic supervisor Professor Won Jo Cheong for his dedication, knowledge and research oriented supervision that is why he still works with him as a Post-doctoral fellow.

The facilities provided by Inha University has a big role in many publications that he has in high level SCI-journals aside from many international conference presentations that he had in various countries such as Australia, Singapore, Hong Kong, Japan etc. He was nominated for California Science Separation Society (CASSS) Grant for HPLC-Hobart (18-21 Nov, 2013) in Tasmania-Australia where Inha University was the only university in Asia from where a student received the CASSS award. Other achievements that he had availed from Inha University includes Jungseok International Scholarship, Brain Korea 21 (BK 21), lab assistant scholarship and teaching assistant scholarship.

He had a really good time at Inha University where he meet many international friends from various countries. The tourism provided by Inha Uni-

versity was a big source of making friends from the international community. Being an Inhanian alumnus, he would recommend any students from any part of the globe to join and safely pursue their degree.

Long live inha.

Reported by Muhammad Aslam

Zagdsuren Nyamdorj (Mongolia)

Master from Graduate School of Business Administration

Zagdsuren Nyamdorj is one of the successful graduates from the Mongolian community at Inha University. He completed his master's degree in marketing management field in 2013 and he was one of Inha honorable student ambassador. Currently, he is working as a marketing



manager at GNL Shipping Co. Ltd. He mentioned Inha University proudly and shared some of his thoughts. Zagdsuren quotes: "Besides providing decent learning facilities and great opportunity to interact with multicultural student societies, Inha University has a wide range of faculties and faculty members, which are important key factors for MS or Ph.D degree candidates to consider when choosing the graduate school. Finding a person with whom you can work well is more important in my opinion, than finding a person with a similar project to what you were working on during your undergraduate program. To this extend, I feel very lucky that I had a chance to work with Dr. Khan for two years at the Graduate School of Business Administration. Dr. Khan has been an in depth research advisor and a role model to students like me".

Reported by Narankhuu Tuvshinjargal

Ambassador's Talk

Awarded Bachelor's degree scholarship from Ilwoo Foundation in 2009, I attended Civil Engineering Department at Inha University and graduated in 2013. Then, Jeongseok Scholarship for international students and professor funding offered me a chance to complete Master's degree in Civil Engineering in 2015.



Being a student ambassador representing Cambodian students at Inha University was a great honor. Assisting foreign admission application, improving awareness about Cambodian culture, and sharing life experience in Korea made ambassadorship a worthwhile experience.

Currently, I am working in DAELIM, a construction company in Korea. Korea has been globalized in every way. Therefore, more and more foreigners are being employed. Getting a job in Korea is extremely competitive, even more for Koreans. In order to get a job as an international student in Korea, one should



be proficient in Korean language on top of English and academic knowledge. Hence, I would like to encourage foreign students to focus on Korean language and improve academic performance by eliminating the excuse, "because I am a foreigner". Also, one should try to find employment information through university or job fair.

Finally, I would like to say "Cheer up!" to all international students at Inha University. I hope that you enjoy the meaningful student's life in this university.

Reported by Sereyvattana Tonn

Newly Elected Student Ambassador's for school Year 2015-2016



INHA Student Ambassadors (Spring 2015)



Name: 조아남 (Zhao YaNan)
Nationality: Chinese
Department: Korean Studies
Email: 996412953@qq.com



Name: 브르테 (Myagmarkhuu Burte)
Nationality: Mongolian
Department: Environmental Engineering
Email: dburte92@gmail.com



Name: 추웅 (Qiu Xiong)
Nationality: Chinese
Department: Industrial Engineering
Email: chuung1104@naver.com



Name: 주마벡 (Alikhanov Jumabek)
Nationality: Uzbekistan
Department: Computer & Information Engineering
Email: jumabek4044@gmail.com



Name: 김애령 (Jin Ailing)
Nationality: Chinese
Department: Business Administration
Email: ailing12307@naver.com



Name: 사다폰 (Phoumarinno Sathaphon)
Nationality: laotian
Department: Political Science & International Relations
Email: sathaphon2@yahoo.com



Name: 케이진툃 (K Zin Htut)
Nationality: Myanmarese
Department: Chemistry and Chemical Engineering
Email: helen.kzin@gmail.com



Name: 페롬 (Meas Phearom)
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Department: Computer & Information Engineering
Email: mphearom@gmail.com



Name: 주네드 (Zuned Ahmed)
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Department: Physics
Email: hizuned@gmail.com



Name: 레오날드 (Leonard Guinguino)
Nationality: Philippine
Department: Marine Science & Biological Engineering
Email: leo_awalguino@yahoo.com



Name: 아들벡 (Urkunchiev Adylbek)
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Department: Program in Multicultural Studies
Email: adilsadyrov@mail.ru



Name: 차나파콘 (Sawangjit Chanapakorn)
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Email: youngjin.genius@gmail.com



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Department: Environmental Engineering
Email: mhd_aslam@hotmail.com



Name: 비니카 (Hada Binika)
Nationality: Nepali
Department: Medicine
Email: binicahada@gmail.com



Name: 비렌드라 (Singh Birendra Kumar)
Nationality: Indian
Department: Marine Science & Biological Engineering
Email: birendrakumar1508@gmail.com

We are happy to represent our country as Student Ambassadors. We therefore dedicate our efforts towards the promotion and development of INHA University.

Websites: <http://gradeng.inha.ac.kr> <http://grad.inha.ac.kr>

Notice Board

[INHA University Recommendation for 2015 KGSP]

Deadline of application Period: March 18th(Wed), 2015

Number of students for 2015 KGSP recommendation:

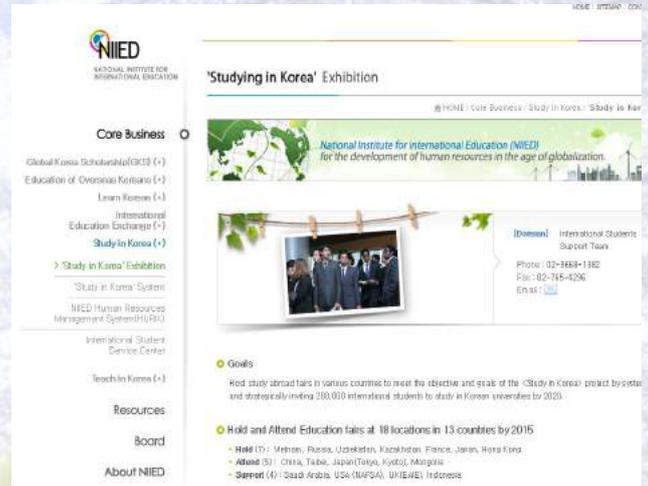
Max. 20 students (Max. 3 from one country)

How to apply : Submit required documents to the graduate school office by postal mail (DHL, Fedex, etc.)

Scholarship Period: 1 year of Korean language learning program + 2 years for Master's degree / 3 years for Doctoral degree

Scholarship Amount: Full financial support including tuition fees and monthly allowances (KRW 900,000), etc.

Eligibility for application: ① Less than 40 years of age, ② G.P.A. : Min. 80 out of 100, etc.



NIIED homepage: <http://www.niied.go.kr>

For details about 2015 KGSP, visit the link : [http://gradeng.inha.ac.kr/board_notice_en/View.aspx?](http://gradeng.inha.ac.kr/board_notice_en/View.aspx?Seq=46218&CateNum=0&PageNum=0&SearchField=Title&Keyword=&SortExp=&SortDir=0)

[Seq=46218&CateNum=0&PageNum=0&SearchField=Title&Keyword=&SortExp=&SortDir=0](http://gradeng.inha.ac.kr/board_notice_en/View.aspx?Seq=46218&CateNum=0&PageNum=0&SearchField=Title&Keyword=&SortExp=&SortDir=0)

[Seq=34943&CateNum=&PageNum=0&SearchField=Title&Keyword=&SortExp=&SortDir=0](http://gradeng.inha.ac.kr/board_notice_en/View.aspx?Seq=34943&CateNum=&PageNum=0&SearchField=Title&Keyword=&SortExp=&SortDir=0)

Special Messages to Alumni

1. Send a message about your current job position and contact information to graduate@inha.ac.kr as a member of Inha global alumni Network. The Graduate School will keep sending a newsletter or useful notices for alumni.
2. Send your message and your story to graduate@inha.ac.kr. After selecting then we will upload them for the next issue.
3. If you need any certificates about your academic records at Inha University, you can use Internet Certificate Issuing System [http:// certpia.inha.ac.kr](http://certpia.inha.ac.kr) or apply for the postal service of certificate issuance. For details, visit [http:// grad eng .in ha.ac.k r/ca mpus/ cam-pus_050401.aspx](http://gradeng.inha.ac.kr/campus/campus_050401.aspx)
4. Promote 2015KGSP and Junseok International Scholarship Program about admission for fall semester of 2015 to many excellent international students in your country.

Editor's Desk

The fifth Issue of INHA Global Messenger wanted to build awareness with regards to the activities of the graduate school. It also aims to provide information to our fellow Inhaians and to encourage international students to consider INHA for their graduate studies. Through this publication we can be able to promote the experience of INHA International graduates that has been successful in their field of expertise.

Executives: Leonard Guinguino (Philippines)
Zuned Ahmed (Bangladeshi)
Chanapakorn Sawangjit (Thailand)
Yakubova Nigorakhon (Uzbekistan)

Organized by: 2014-Fall Inha Student Ambassadors

Supported by: Graduate School, Inha University

Special thanks: Sathaphon Phoumarinno (Laos)